
ENGROSSED SENATE BILL 5959

AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE

Passed Legislature - 1991 First Special Session

State of Washington 52nd Legislature 1991 Regular Session

By Senators McDonald, Hayner and West.

Read first time April 15, 1991. Referred to Committee on Ways & Means.

1 AN ACT Relating to public assistance; amending RCW 74.04.005;
2 providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

4 **Sec. 1.** RCW 74.04.005 and 1991 c 126 s 1 are each amended to read
5 as follows:

6 For the purposes of this title, unless the context indicates
7 otherwise, the following definitions shall apply:

8 (1) "Public assistance" or "assistance"--Public aid to persons in
9 need thereof for any cause, including services, medical care,
10 assistance grants, disbursing orders, work relief, general assistance
11 and federal-aid assistance.

12 (2) "Department"--The department of social and health services.

13 (3) "County or local office"--The administrative office for one or
14 more counties or designated service areas.

1 (4) "Director" or "secretary" means the secretary of social and
2 health services.

3 (5) "Federal-aid assistance"--The specific categories of assistance
4 for which provision is made in any federal law existing or hereafter
5 passed by which payments are made from the federal government to the
6 state in aid or in respect to payment by the state for public
7 assistance rendered to any category of needy persons for which
8 provision for federal funds or aid may from time to time be made, or a
9 federally administered needs-based program.

10 (6)(a) "General assistance"--Aid to persons in need who:

11 (i) Are not eligible to receive federal-aid assistance, other than
12 food stamps and medical assistance; however, an individual who refuses
13 or fails to cooperate in obtaining federal-aid assistance, without good
14 cause, is not eligible for general assistance;

15 (ii) Are either:

16 (A) Pregnant: PROVIDED, That need is based on the current income
17 and resource requirements of the federal aid to families with dependent
18 children program: PROVIDED FURTHER, That during any period in which an
19 aid for dependent children employable program is not in operation, only
20 those pregnant women who are categorically eligible for medicaid are
21 eligible for general assistance; or

22 (B) Incapacitated from gainful employment by reason of bodily or
23 mental infirmity that will likely continue for a minimum of ((~~sixty~~))
24 ninety days as determined by the department. Persons who are
25 unemployable due to alcohol or drug addiction are not eligible for
26 general assistance. Persons receiving general assistance on July 26,
27 1987, or becoming eligible for such assistance thereafter, due to an
28 alcohol or drug-related incapacity, shall be referred to appropriate
29 assessment, treatment, shelter, or supplemental security income
30 referral services as authorized under chapter 74.50 RCW. Referrals

1 shall be made at the time of application or at the time of eligibility
2 review. Alcoholic and drug addicted clients who are receiving general
3 assistance on July 26, 1987, may remain on general assistance if they
4 otherwise retain their eligibility until they are assessed for services
5 under chapter 74.50 RCW. This subsection (6)(a)(ii)(B) shall not be
6 construed to prohibit the department from granting general assistance
7 benefits to alcoholics and drug addicts who are incapacitated due to
8 other physical or mental conditions that meet the eligibility criteria
9 for the general assistance program;

10 (iii) Are citizens or aliens lawfully admitted for permanent
11 residence or otherwise residing in the United States under color of
12 law; and

13 (iv) Have furnished the department their social security account
14 number. If the social security account number cannot be furnished
15 because it has not been issued or is not known, an application for a
16 number shall be made prior to authorization of assistance, and the
17 social security number shall be provided to the department upon
18 receipt.

19 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (6)(a)(i), (ii),
20 and (c) of this section, general assistance shall be provided to the
21 following recipients of federal-aid assistance:

22 (i) Recipients of supplemental security income whose need, as
23 defined in this section, is not met by such supplemental security
24 income grant because of separation from a spouse; or

25 (ii) To the extent authorized by the legislature in the biennial
26 appropriations act, to recipients of aid to families with dependent
27 children whose needs are not being met because of a temporary reduction
28 in monthly income below the entitled benefit payment level caused by
29 loss or reduction of wages or unemployment compensation benefits or
30 some other unforeseen circumstances. The amount of general assistance

1 authorized shall not exceed the difference between the entitled benefit
2 payment level and the amount of income actually received.

3 (c) General assistance shall be provided only to persons who are
4 not members of assistance units receiving federal aid assistance,
5 except as provided in subsection (6)(a)(ii)(A) and (b) of this section,
6 and will accept available services which can reasonably be expected to
7 enable the person to work or reduce the need for assistance unless
8 there is good cause to refuse. Failure to accept such services shall
9 result in termination until the person agrees to cooperate in accepting
10 such services and subject to the following maximum periods of
11 ineligibility after reapplication:

12 (i) First failure: One week;

13 (ii) Second failure within six months: One month;

14 (iii) Third and subsequent failure within one year: Two months.

15 (d) The department shall adopt by rule medical criteria for general
16 assistance eligibility to ensure that eligibility decisions are
17 consistent with statutory requirements and are based on clear,
18 objective medical information.

19 (e) The process implementing the medical criteria shall involve
20 consideration of opinions of the treating or consulting physicians or
21 health care professionals regarding incapacity, and any eligibility
22 decision which rejects uncontroverted medical opinion must set forth
23 clear and convincing reasons for doing so.

24 (f) Recipients of general assistance based upon a finding of
25 incapacity from gainful employment who remain otherwise eligible shall
26 not have their benefits terminated absent a clear showing of material
27 improvement in their medical or mental condition or specific error in
28 the prior determination that found the recipient eligible by reason of
29 incapacitation. Recipients of general assistance based upon pregnancy
30 who relinquish their child for adoption, remain otherwise eligible, and

1 are not eligible to receive benefits under the federal aid to families
2 with dependent children program shall not have their benefits
3 terminated until the end of the month in which the period of six weeks
4 following the birth of the recipient's child falls. Recipients of the
5 federal aid to families with dependent children program who lose their
6 eligibility solely because of the birth and relinquishment of the
7 qualifying child may receive general assistance through the end of the
8 month in which the period of six weeks following the birth of the child
9 falls.

10 (7) "Applicant"--Any person who has made a request, or on behalf of
11 whom a request has been made, to any county or local office for
12 assistance.

13 (8) "Recipient"--Any person receiving assistance and in addition
14 those dependents whose needs are included in the recipient's
15 assistance.

16 (9) "Standards of assistance"--The level of income required by an
17 applicant or recipient to maintain a level of living specified by the
18 department.

19 (10) "Resource"--Any asset, tangible or intangible, owned by or
20 available to the applicant at the time of application, which can be
21 applied toward meeting the applicant's need, either directly or by
22 conversion into money or its equivalent: PROVIDED, That an applicant
23 may retain the following described resources and not be ineligible for
24 public assistance because of such resources.

25 (a) A home, which is defined as real property owned and used by an
26 applicant or recipient as a place of residence, together with a
27 reasonable amount of property surrounding and contiguous thereto, which
28 is used by and useful to the applicant. Whenever a recipient shall
29 cease to use such property for residential purposes, either for himself
30 or his dependents, the property shall be considered as a resource which

1 can be made available to meet need, and if the recipient or his
2 dependents absent themselves from the home for a period of ninety
3 consecutive days such absence, unless due to hospitalization or health
4 reasons or a natural disaster, shall raise a rebuttable presumption of
5 abandonment: PROVIDED, That if in the opinion of three physicians the
6 recipient will be unable to return to the home during his lifetime, and
7 the home is not occupied by a spouse or dependent children or disabled
8 sons or daughters, such property shall be considered as a resource
9 which can be made available to meet need.

10 (b) Household furnishings and personal effects and other personal
11 property having great sentimental value to the applicant or recipient,
12 as limited by the department consistent with limitations on resources
13 and exemptions for federal aid assistance.

14 (c) A motor vehicle, other than a motor home, used and useful
15 having an equity value not to exceed one thousand five hundred dollars.

16 (d) All other resources, including any excess of values exempted,
17 not to exceed one thousand dollars or other limit as set by the
18 department, to be consistent with limitations on resources and
19 exemptions necessary for federal aid assistance.

20 (e) Applicants for or recipients of general assistance may retain
21 the following described resources in addition to exemption for a motor
22 vehicle or home and not be ineligible for public assistance because of
23 such resources:

24 (i) Household furnishings, personal effects, and other personal
25 property having great sentimental value to the applicant or recipient;

26 (ii) Term and burial insurance for use of the applicant or
27 recipient;

28 (iii) Life insurance having a cash surrender value not exceeding
29 one thousand five hundred dollars; and

1 (iv) Cash, marketable securities, and any excess of values above
2 one thousand five hundred dollars equity in a vehicle and above one
3 thousand five hundred dollars in cash surrender value of life
4 insurance, not exceeding one thousand five hundred dollars for a single
5 person or two thousand two hundred fifty dollars for a family unit of
6 two or more. The one thousand dollar limit in subsection (10)(d) of
7 this section does not apply to recipients of or applicants for general
8 assistance.

9 (f) If an applicant for or recipient of public assistance possesses
10 property and belongings in excess of the ceiling value, such value
11 shall be used in determining the need of the applicant or recipient,
12 except that: (i) The department may exempt resources or income when
13 the income and resources are determined necessary to the applicant's or
14 recipient's restoration to independence, to decrease the need for
15 public assistance, or to aid in rehabilitating the applicant or
16 recipient or a dependent of the applicant or recipient; and (ii) the
17 department may provide grant assistance for a period not to exceed nine
18 months from the date the agreement is signed pursuant to this section
19 to persons who are otherwise ineligible because of excess real property
20 owned by such persons when they are making a good faith effort to
21 dispose of that property: PROVIDED, That:

22 (A) The applicant or recipient signs an agreement to repay the
23 lesser of the amount of aid received or the net proceeds of such sale;

24 (B) If the owner of the excess property ceases to make good faith
25 efforts to sell the property, the entire amount of assistance may
26 become an overpayment and a debt due the state and may be recovered
27 pursuant to RCW 43.20B.630;

28 (C) Applicants and recipients are advised of their right to a fair
29 hearing and afforded the opportunity to challenge a decision that good

1 faith efforts to sell have ceased, prior to assessment of an
2 overpayment under this section; and

3 (D) At the time assistance is authorized, the department files a
4 lien without a sum certain on the specific property.

5 (11) "Income"--(a) All appreciable gains in real or personal
6 property (cash or kind) or other assets, which are received by or
7 become available for use and enjoyment by an applicant or recipient
8 during the month of application or after applying for or receiving
9 public assistance. The department may by rule and regulation exempt
10 income received by an applicant for or recipient of public assistance
11 which can be used by him to decrease his need for public assistance or
12 to aid in rehabilitating him or his dependents, but such exemption
13 shall not, unless otherwise provided in this title, exceed the
14 exemptions of resources granted under this chapter to an applicant for
15 public assistance. In determining the amount of assistance to which an
16 applicant or recipient of aid to families with dependent children is
17 entitled, the department is hereby authorized to disregard as a
18 resource or income the earned income exemptions consistent with federal
19 requirements. The department may permit the above exemption of
20 earnings of a child to be retained by such child to cover the cost of
21 special future identifiable needs even though the total exceeds the
22 exemptions or resources granted to applicants and recipients of public
23 assistance, but consistent with federal requirements. In formulating
24 rules and regulations pursuant to this chapter, the department shall
25 define income and resources and the availability thereof, consistent
26 with federal requirements. All resources and income not specifically
27 exempted, and any income or other economic benefit derived from the use
28 of, or appreciation in value of, exempt resources, shall be considered
29 in determining the need of an applicant or recipient of public
30 assistance.

1 (b) If, under applicable federal requirements, the state has the
2 option of considering property in the form of lump sum compensatory
3 awards or related settlements received by an applicant or
4 recipient as income or as a resource, the department shall consider
5 such property to be a resource.

6 (12) "Need"--The difference between the applicant's or recipient's
7 standards of assistance for himself and the dependent members of his
8 family, as measured by the standards of the department, and value of
9 all nonexempt resources and nonexempt income received by or available
10 to the applicant or recipient and the dependent members of his family.

11 (13) For purposes of determining eligibility for public assistance
12 and participation levels in the cost of medical care, the department
13 shall exempt restitution payments made to people of Japanese and Aleut
14 ancestry pursuant to the Civil Liberties Act of 1988 and the Aleutian
15 and Pribilof Island Restitution Act passed by congress, P.L. 100-383,
16 including all income and resources derived therefrom.

17 (14) In the construction of words and phrases used in this title,
18 the singular number shall include the plural, the masculine gender
19 shall include both the feminine and neuter genders and the present
20 tense shall include the past and future tenses, unless the context
21 thereof shall clearly indicate to the contrary.

22 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 2.** If any provision of this act or its
23 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the
24 remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other
25 persons or circumstances is not affected.

26 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 3.** This act is necessary for the immediate
27 preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the

- 1 state government and its existing public institutions, and shall take
- 2 effect July 1, 1991.

Passed the Senate June 29, 1991.

Passed the House June 29, 1991.

Approved by the Governor June 30, 1991.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State June 30, 1991.